Arolygiaeth Gofal Iechyd CymruHealthcare Inspectorate Wales

Quality Check Summary Devon Place 7 Day Dental Activity date: 9 August 2021

Publication date: 13 September 2021



This publication and other HIW information can be provided in alternative formats or languages on request. There will be a short delay as alternative languages and formats are produced when requested to meet individual needs. Please contact us for assistance.

Copies of all reports, when published, will be available on our website or by contacting us:

In writing:

Communications Manager Healthcare Inspectorate Wales Welsh Government Rhydycar Business Park Merthyr Tydfil CF48 1UZ

Or via

Phone: 0300 062 8163 Email: hiw@gov.wales Website: www.hiw.org.uk

Quality Check Summary

Our approach

Healthcare Inspectorate Wales (HIW) undertook a remote quality check of Devon Place 7 Day Dental as part of its programme of assurance work. Along with the full range of NHS dental services, the practice provides a selection of cosmetic treatments.

HIW's quality checks form part of a new tailored approach to assurance and are one of a number of ways in which it examines how healthcare services are meeting the Health and Care Standards 2015 and Private Dentistry (Wales) Regulations 2017.

Feedback is made available to service representatives at the end of the quality check, in a way which supports learning, development and improvement at both operational and strategic levels.

Quality checks are a snapshot of the standards of care within healthcare services. They are conducted entirely offsite and focus on three key areas; infection prevention and control, governance (specifically around staffing) and the environment of care. The work explores arrangements put in place to protect staff and patients from COVID 19, enabling us provide fast and supportive improvement advice on the safe operation of services during the pandemic. More information on our approach to assurance and inspections can be found <u>here</u>.

We spoke to the registered manager/practice owner on 9 August 2021 who provided us with information and evidence about their service. We used the following key lines of enquiry:

Dental Practices

- What changes have you implemented in light of COVID-19 to ensure infection prevention and control standards are maintained?
- How are you ensuring that all patients (including vulnerable/at risk groups) are able to access services appropriately and safely?
- How do you meet the needs of Welsh speaking patients when accessing healthcare services in the medium of Welsh?
- How has the practice and the services it provides adapted during this period of COVID-19?
- How do you ensure that equality and a rights based approach are embedded across the service?

Environment

During the quality check, we considered how the service has responded to the challenges presented by COVID-19 and how the service has designed and managed the environment of care to keep it as safe as possible for patients, staff and visitors.

The key documents we reviewed included:

- Environmental risk assessment
- COVID Policy File
- Cleaning Policy

We also questioned the service representatives on the changes they have made to make sure patients continue to receive care and treatment according to their needs.

The following positive evidence was received:

We were told of the changes that had been made to the practice environment as a result of the pandemic. Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) for staff and patients is available as well as hand sanitizing stations throughout the practice. Cleaning schedules had been amended to enable more frequent cleaning. We were told that the practice were updating their own COVID-19 policies in line with updates and advice from external bodies. This included the guidance issued within the Standard Operating Procedure for the dental management of non-COVID-19 patients in Wales.

We were told of the changes made to the environment to minimise the risk of COVID-19 transmission within the communal areas and treatment rooms. These included social distancing measures and only patients with pre-arranged appointments could visit the practice. Screens have been fitted to the reception desk and unnecessary chairs, magazines and posters have been removed from the waiting area. A designated donning and doffing¹ room has been built for staff and the surgeries have been decluttered of all unnecessary items.

Prior to an appointment, staff telephone patients and complete a COVID-19 questionnaire. The patient journey is also explained. These measures help reduce the amount of time a patient spends at the surgery.

When patients arrive for appointments they are asked if they have any symptoms of COVID-19. Temperature checks are taken and hand sanitizer given upon entry into the practice. Face masks must be worn until the patient is seated in the surgery, unless they are exempt. One waiting chair per surgery is available for patients to use until they are asked to enter the surgery.

¹ Donning - putting on personal protective equipment (PPE); Doffing - taking off personal protective equipment (PPE)

We were told staff used language line to deliver treatment and services to patients whose first language is not English.

We were told that all surgeries are equipped to perform Aerosol Generating Procedures $(AGP)^2$. Ventilation and extraction units are installed in the surgeries to facilitate the removal of contaminated air.

The number of appointments has been reduced to enable sufficient fallow time³ and to allow for adequate time to disinfect the surgery between patients. Staff stated that this had not had any impact on the patient experience or the care that patients received. The registered manager stated that they felt staff worked and adapted well within the restrictions and guidelines.

We saw evidence of an environmental risk assessment that had been completed, but not dated. Actions identified within the assessment had a description on how risks are/can be eliminated.

The following areas for improvement were identified:

The environmental risk assessment provided did not have a date to confirm when it had been completed. Whilst the document listed hazards and how these risks are/can be eliminated, it was proposed that the document might benefit from additional information. It was recommended to the registered manager that the risk assessment include some detail to identify how serious the risks are; who is responsible and how the controls put in place are reviewed and remain effective.

² An aerosol generating procedure (AGP) is a medical procedure that can result in the release of airborne particles (aerosols) from the respiratory tract when treating someone who is suspected or known to be suffering from an infectious agent transmitted wholly or partly by the airborne or droplet route. ³ Fallow time is the downtime in the surgery following an aerosol generating procedure (AGP) taking place.

Infection prevention and control

During the quality check, we considered how the service has responded to the challenges presented by COVID-19, and how well it manages and controls the risk of infection to help keep patients, visitors and staff safe.

The key documents we reviewed included:

- A copy of the most recent WHTM01-05 decontamination audit
- Procedures for the management of AGP and non AGP procedures
- Cleaning policy
- Surgery Cleaning schedules
- Autoclave Daily checks
- Washer disinfector daily checks

The following positive evidence was received:

We were provided with various documents for the prevention and control of infection, which included the COVID-19 policy. We saw evidence of the practice cleaning schedules and records for the decontamination of instruments and dental equipment.

We were told of the systems in place to ensure all staff were aware of, and discharged their responsibilities for preventing and controlling infection. In addition, we were told that PPE training, including mask training and donning and doffing of PPE had been delivered to all staff. In addition, any changes regarding infection prevention and control are communicated to staff and policies and procedures updated.

We were told that when AGPs are being carried out, the triage⁴ call helps identify the equipment that will be required. This is prepared in advance to minimise staff entering or leaving the surgery during the procedure. These practises ensure that infection risk is minimised during AGP procedures.

Staff explained that patients were contacted by telephone prior to their appointment and asked a series of questions to determine whether they were at risk of transmitting the virus. Patients who were displaying symptoms or were awaiting results of a COVID-19 test were instructed to stay home and not attend the practice.

We were told the practice had sufficient stock of PPE and that stock checks are undertaken and any supplies required are ordered.

⁴ Triage is the prioritisation of patient care based on illness/injury, severity, prognosis and resource availability

No areas for improvements were identified.

Governance / Staffing

As part of this standard, HIW questioned the service representatives about how, in the light of the impact of COVID-19, they have adapted their service. We explored whether management arrangements ensure that staff are suitable in their roles and are appropriately trained in order to provide safe and effective care.

The key documents we reviewed included:

- A copy of the latest annual report prepared under Regulation 16(3) of the Private Dentistry (Wales) Regulations 2017
- Consent policy
- Business continuity plan
- Mandatory training records for all staff
- Record card audit
- IR(ME)R audit
- Copy of the latest statement of purpose
- Copy of the latest patient information leaflet

The following positive evidence was received:

We saw evidence of training records, which showed compliance with mandatory training. Some staff had training that was pending, mainly for the Mental Capacity Act, and we were told this will be completed as soon as courses can be booked. The registered manager explained the process for ensuring training was up to date, with staff continuing to use elearning⁵ packages for Continued Professional Development (CPD).

The practice has maintained their processes for the reporting of incidents, with the registered manager having an oversight of any incidents. We were told that staff were aware of their roles and responsibilities in reporting incidents to regulatory agencies including Healthcare Inspectorate Wales (HIW). Any updated guidance for healthcare professionals was delivered to staff via emails and their messaging app group.

We were told that the practice continuously strives to improve the service provided to patients. This was evidenced in the audit documentation provided with the self-assessment, which included clinical records audit, X-Ray quality and safety audit and a WHTM 01-05 decontamination audit.

⁵ Learning conducted via electronic media, typically on the internet.

We were provided with a sample of policies and procedures in place at the practice. We were told that the policies had been reviewed recently, however they were not dated to evidence this.

The process of checking emergency equipment and medicines was explained. Staff have the responsibility for performing the weekly checks, recording the findings and ordering stock as required.

We reviewed the patient information leaflet⁶, which contained all required information. The statement of purpose⁷ required updating.

The following areas for improvement were identified:

The statement of purpose submitted did not contain all the sections of information that are required by the dental Regulations. Therefore we asked the registered manager to review and update the document and submit an updated version to HIW.

In addition, the sample of policies and procedures and the record card audit submitted had no dates to evidence when they had been completed/written. We asked the registered manager to review this and ensure all audits, policies and procedures have dates to show when they were completed and when they will be reviewed.

⁶ Information as required by Schedule 2 of the above regulations.

⁷ "statement of purpose" ("*datganiad o ddiben*") means the statement compiled in accordance with regulation 5(1) of the Private Dentistry (Wales) Regulations and Schedule 1.

What next?

Where we have identified areas for improvements during our quality check and require the service to tell us about the actions taken to address these, an improvement plan providing details will be provided at the end of this quality check summary.

Where an improvement plan is required, it should:

- Ensure actions taken in response to the issues identified are specific, measurable, achievable, realistic and timed
- Include enough detail to provide HIW and the public with assurance that the areas for improvements identified will be sufficiently addressed
- Ensure required evidence against stated actions is provided to HIW within three months of the quality check.

As a result of the findings from this quality check, the service should:

- Ensure that the areas for improvements are not systemic across other areas within the wider organisation
- Provide HIW with updates where actions remain outstanding and/or in progress, to confirm when these have been addressed.

The improvement plan, once agreed, will be published on HIW's website.

If no areas for improvement were identified during this quality check, an improvement plan will not be required, and only the quality check summary report will be published on HIW's website.

Improvement plan

Setting: Devon Place 7 Day Dental

Date of activity: 12 August 2021

The table below includes improvements identified during the Quality Check, where we require the service to complete an improvement plan telling us about the actions they are taking to address these areas.

Please note, all actions are expected to be complete within three months of the Quality Check and the final version of the Improvement Plan is to be submitted via Objective Connect once complete.

Reference Number	Improvement needed	Standard/ Regulation	Service Action	Responsible Officer	Timescale
1	The registered manager must ensure the environmental risk assessment is dated. Additional details should be added to the risk assessment which will help identify how serious the risks are; who is responsible and how the controls are reviewed and remain effective.	The Private Dentistry (Wales) Regulations 2017 - Regulation 16 (1) (b) &(b) Health & Care Standards - Standard 2.1 managing risk & promoting health & safety	New table constructed together with the original document previously submitted - to include name of responsible person and review date/written date Risk Site , Risk situation, Level of Risk: Red, Amber, Green and finally Risk avoidance and controls	Rachael Gill- Randall	12/8/21
2	The registered manager must review	The Private	The statement of purpose with	Rachael Gill-	10/8/21

	the statement of purpose and ensure all the information that is required by the regulations is included in the document. An updated document must be sent to HIW.	Dentistry (Wales) Regulations 2017 - Regulation 5 (1) & (2)	the template has been submitted 10/8/2021 to ishare Connect Portal	Randall	
3	The registered manager must ensure all policies, procedures and audits are dated and include a date of review.	The Private Dentistry (Wales) Regulations 2017 - Regulation 8 (6) Health & Care Standards - Standard 3.4 Information governance & communications technology	This has been carried out	Rachael Gill- Randall	10/8/2021

The following section must be completed by a representative of the service who has overall responsibility and accountability for ensuring the improvement plan is actioned.

Name: Dr Rachael Gill-Randall

Date: 12/8/2021